## MPT Startup Failures: Workarounds

Occasionally, PBS jobs may fail due to mpiexec timeout problems at startup. If this happens, you will typically see several error messages similar to the following:

- MPT: xmpi\_net\_accept\_timeo/accept() timeout
- MPT ERROR: could not run executable.

When mpiexec starts, several things must happen in a timely manner before the job runs; for example, every node must access the executable and load it into memory. In most cases, this process is successful and the job starts normally. However, if something slows down this process, mpiexec may timeout before the job can start.

This can happen when the job is running an executable located on a filesystem that is not mounted during PBS prologue activities (for example, on a colleague's filesystem); mpiexec may timeout before the filesystem is mounted on each node. (Jobs running on a large number of nodes may be more likely to experience this problem than smaller jobs.)

## **Workaround Steps**

If you encounter an mpiexec startup failure, complete all of these steps to try and resolve the problem.

1. Ensure all the filesystems are mounted before mpiexec runs. For example, if your home filesystem is /home3, your nobackup filesystem is /nobackupp2, and the executable is under/nobackupnfs2, you would add the following line to your job script:

#PBS -l site=needed=/home3+/nobackupp2+/nobackupnfs2

2. Even if all the filesystems are mounted, the filesystem servers might be slow to respond to requests to load the executable. To address this, increase the mpiexec timeout period from 20 seconds (default) to 40 seconds by setting value of the MPI\_LAUNCH\_TIMEOUT environment variable to 40:

```
For csh/tsch
setenv MPI_LAUNCH_TIMEOUT 40
For bash/sh/ksh
export MPI_LAUNCH_TIMEOUT=40
```

3. Finally, it might take several attempts to ensure that the executable is loaded into memory. You can accomplish this by adding the several\_tries script to the beginning of your mpiexec command line:

/u/scicon/tools/bin/several\_tries mpiexec -np 2000 /your\_executable

The script will then attempt the mpiexec command several times until command succeeds (or runs longer than the maximum time set in the environment variables), or a threshold number of attempts is exceeded (see <u>several tries settings</u>, below.

Alternative to Step 3: If it is difficult to add the several\_tries tool to your job script—for example, if you have a complicated set of nested scripts and it's not clear where to insert the tool—try using the pdsh command instead, as follows:

```
pdsh -F $PBS_NODEFILE -a "md5sum /your_executable" | dshbak -c
```

This does a parallel SSH into each node and loads the executable into each node's memory so that it's available when mpiexec tries to launch it.

If the executable is already in your PATH, you do not need to include the entire path in the command line.

## Sample PBS Script with Workaround

The following sample script incorporates all three steps described in the previous section.

```
#PBS -I select=200:ncpus=40:model=sky_ele
#PBS -I walltime=HH:MM:SS
#PBS -I site=needed=/home3+/nobackupp2+/nobackupp8+/nobackupnfs2
#PBS -j oe

cd $PBS_O_WORKDIR

setenv MPI_LAUNCH_TIMEOUT 40
set path = ($path /u/scicon/tools/bin)

several_tries mpiexec -np 8000 ./my_a.out
```

## several tries Settings

The following environment variables are associated with the several\_tries script:

```
SEVERAL_TRIES_MAXTIME

Maximum time the command can run each time, and still be retried.

Default: 60 seconds

SEVERAL_TRIES_NTRIES
```

Threshold number of attempts. Default: 6

SEVERAL\_TRIES\_SLEEPTIME

Sleep time between attempts. Default: 30 seconds

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